



Witt

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Multicon SMALL AIR COOLED CONDENSER



Efficient and Reliable

Witt's Remote Air Cooled Condensers' innovative design provides a wide array of solutions focusing on performance, energy efficiency, reduced sound output and other requirements to meet the needs of the grocery, supermarket, industrial cooling and commercial warehousing industries.

Standard Features

- Direct drive motor arrangement
- Vertical air flow
- 1075 or 850 RPM motors
- Motors with inherent thermal overload protection
- Copper tube, aluminum fin coils
- Leak tested at 450 PSIG
- Vinyl coated heavy gauge steel fan guards
- Heavy gauge galvanized steel construction for superior corrosion resistance
- Internal divider isolates fan cells (2 fan models)

Options

- Fan cycling head pressure control (2 fan models)
- Variable speed fan control (header end fan only)
- Flooded head pressure control
- Sub-cooling circuit
- Horizontal air flow
- Multi-circuited coils
- Wide selection of fin coatings and materials

MODEL NUMBER NOMENCLATURE

<u>W</u> I	<u>D</u> II	<u>S</u> III	<u>007</u> IV	<u>D</u> V	<u>A</u> VI	<u>2</u> VII	<u>B</u> VIII	<u>1</u> IX	<u>2</u> X	<u>A</u> XI	<u>1</u> XII	<u>A</u> XIII
I. Model Series W – Witt						IX. Coil Material and Coating Options* 1 – Aluminum fins 2 – Copper fins 3 – Al + AST coating 6 – Al + Heresite 7 – Al + Polyester coat - Pre Coated Fin Material X – Other						
II. Unit Type D – Condenser						X. Housing Material and Coatings* 1 – Aluminum 7 – Stainless Steel 316L 2 – Galvanized X – Other						
III. Series S – Single fan wide						XI. Unit Design Configuration A – Vertical Fan Discharge, Standard Legs E – Vertical Fan Discharge, 30” Legs N – Horizontal Fan Discharge, Standard Legs						
IV. Capacity – Three Number Characters						XII. Circuit Splitting Options 1 – Full 2 – 50/50 X – Other						
V. Voltage Code A – 115V/1/60 H – 575V/1/60 D – 208-230V/1/60 X – Other E – 208-230V/3/60 F – 460V/1/60 Codes D, E, F, and G can be used G – 460V/3/60 with 50 or 60 Hz power						XIII. Revision Code – Single Alphanumeric Character A – Initial Release						
VI. Motor/Fan Type A – 1075 RPM, 0.33 HP, Metal Blade C – 850 RPM, 0.25 HP, Metal Blade H – 1075 RPM, 0.5 HPTotally Enclosed, Metal Blade X – Other						* Contact Application Engineering to obtain price quotes for special fin materials or coatings.						
VII. Length in Fans – 1 or 2												
VIII. Coil Density A – 8 fpi D – 14 fpi B – 10 fpi X – Other C – 12 fpi												

* Contact Application Engineering to obtain price quotes for special fin materials or coatings.

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Small Air Cooled Condensers

Features and Options

DESCRIPTION		
GENERAL CONSTRUCTION	Vertical Air Discharge Configuration	STANDARD
	Horizontal Air Discharge Configuration*	OPTIONAL
	Galvanized Steel Casing	STANDARD
	Stainless Steel 316 or Aluminum Casing	OPTIONAL
	Protective Coating for External Casing	OPTIONAL
	Heavy Gauge Galvanized Steel Legs	STANDARD
	Vertical Discharge - Leg Length 15"	STANDARD
CONDENSER COIL AND CIRCUITING	Aluminum Tube Sheets	STANDARD
	Copper Tubes Mechanically Expanded into Aluminum Fins	STANDARD
	Leak tested at 450 PSIG	STANDARD
	Coil Circuiting:	STANDARD
	Single Circuit	STANDARD
	50/50	OPTIONAL
	Multi-Circuiting	OPTIONAL
FIN MATERIALS, SPACING AND COATINGS	Sub-Cooling Circuits	OPTIONAL
	Fin Spacing:	STANDARD
	10 Fins per inch	STANDARD
	8, 12 or 14 Fins Per Inch	OPTIONAL
	Fin Materials:	STANDARD
	Aluminum Fins	STANDARD
	Copper Fins or Polyester-Coated Fin Stock	OPTIONAL
FAN/ MOTOR	Fin Coatings:	STANDARD
	None	STANDARD
	ElectroFin® or Heresite, or Energy Guard	OPTIONAL
	Welded Heavy Gauge Rod Mounting Frame	STANDARD
ELECTRICAL PANEL	Fully Baffled Fan Modules	STANDARD
	Motor Type:	STANDARD
	Open Type	STANDARD
	Enclosed	OPTIONAL
REFRIGERANT SPECIALTIES	Mounting Location:	STANDARD
	Opposite Header End	STANDARD
	Left hand or Right hand (viewing header) or Header End	OPTIONAL
	Temp. or Press. Fan Cycling (2 fan models only)	OPTIONAL
SHIPPING	Variable Speed Header End Fan Control - Pressure Controlled	OPTIONAL
	Flooded-Condenser Control Valve System (Loose)	OPTIONAL
	Vertical Air Discharge Models - Legs Disassembled - Unit in Carton or Crate	STANDARD
	Horizontal Discharge Models* - Legs Disassembled - Unit in Carton or Crate	OPTIONAL

* Horizontal discharge orientation is available using standard leg arrangement.

Condenser Selection

Air-cooled condenser capacity ratings are based on the total heat rejection of the refrigeration system. Total heat of rejection is the sum of the net refrigeration effect and heat of compression added to the refrigerant in the compressor.

The heat of compression varies with the compressor design, so the compressor manufacturer's information should be used whenever possible. If the compressor manufacturer's heat of compression information is not available, Tables 1 and 2 (page 5) may be used to determine the heat of compression.

The following formulas may be used to calculate the total heat rejection (THR) for systems that fall outside the normal limits of single stage compressor applications, such as compound or cascade systems.

Suction cooled hermetic compressors:

$$\text{THR} = \text{Compressor Capacity (BTUH)} + (3,413 \times \text{KW})$$

Open Compressors

$$\text{THR} = \text{Compressor Capacity (BTUH)} + (2,545 \times \text{BHP})$$

ELEVATION CORRECTION

Elevation above sea level has an effect on the performance of air cooled condensers. Divide the required capacity by the Elevation Correction Factor in the table on page 5 to correct the requirement to Sea Level Conditions. The proper condenser can then be selected from the appropriate table on Pages 7 or 8.

SINGLE CIRCUIT CONDENSERS

All units are available for single circuit applications.

SELECTION EXAMPLE

Given:

Ambient Air Temperature = 95° F
 Maximum Condensing Temperature = 110° F
 Evaporator Temperature = 20° F
 Refrigerant = R-404A
 Compressor Capacity = 50,000 BTU
 Compressor Type = Suction Cooled Semi-Hermetic

Solution:

Multiply the compressor capacity by the heat of compression factor to calculate the required total heat of rejection (THR). Table 1 shows that for 110°F condensing temperature and 20° F evaporator temperature, the heat of compression factor is 1.33. The required total heat rejection (THR) is:

$$50,000 \times 1.33 = 66,500 \text{ BTUH THR}$$

Divide the THR by the design condensing temperature of 15°F TD. (TD = Condensing Temperature - Ambient Temperature)

$$66,500 \div 15 = 4,433 \text{ BTUH per } 1^\circ\text{F TD}$$

Convert BTUH to MBH.

$$4,433 \text{ BTUH} \div 1,000 = 4.43 \text{ MBH per } 1^\circ\text{F TD}$$

The correct selection of a single fan width unit with 1140 RPM fan motors (page 7) is a model WDS007*A2B12A1A with a capacity of 4.6 MBH @ 14FPI.

Since the unit selection will almost never have the exact required capacity, the actual TD will vary slightly from the design TD. The actual TD can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Actual TD} = \frac{\text{Design THR}}{\text{Actual Condenser THR}} \times \text{Design TD}$$

For this example the actual TD would be:

$$\text{Actual TD} = \frac{4.43}{4.6} \times 15 = 14.4^\circ\text{F TD}$$

Small Air Cooled Condensers

Table 1: Heat of Compression Factors

Suction Cooled Compressors

Evap Temp °F	Condensing Temperature °F								
	90	95	100	105	110	115	120	125	130
-40	1.66	1.70	1.73	1.76	1.80	1.90	2.00	†	†
-35	1.61	1.64	1.68	1.70	1.74	1.82	1.90	†	†
-30	1.57	1.60	1.62	1.65	1.68	1.74	1.80	†	†
-25	1.53	1.56	1.58	1.60	1.63	1.67	1.72	†	†
-20	1.49	1.51	1.53	1.55	1.58	1.61	1.65	†	†
-15	1.46	1.48	1.50	1.51	1.54	1.57	1.61	†	†
-10	1.42	1.44	1.46	1.48	1.50	1.53	1.57	1.60	1.64
-5	1.39	1.41	1.43	1.45	1.47	1.50	1.53	1.56	1.60
0	1.36	1.38	1.40	1.42	1.44	1.47	1.50	1.53	1.56
+5	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.39	1.41	1.43	1.46	1.49	1.52
+10	1.31	1.32	1.34	1.36	1.38	1.40	1.43	1.46	1.49
+15	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.40	1.43	1.46
+20	1.26	1.27	1.29	1.31	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.40	1.43
+25	1.24	1.25	1.27	1.29	1.31	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.40
+30	1.22	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.34	1.37
+35	1.20	1.21	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.27	1.29	1.31	1.34
+40	1.18	1.19	1.21	1.23	1.24	1.25	1.27	1.29	1.31
+45	1.16	1.17	1.19	1.21	1.22	1.23	1.25	1.26	1.28
+50	1.14	1.15	1.17	1.19	1.20	1.22	1.23	1.24	1.26

A. † Beyond the normal limits for single stage compressor application.

Table 2: Heat of Compression Factors

Open Compressors

Evap Temp °F	Condensing Temperature °F								
	90	95	100	105	110	115	120	125	130
-30	1.37	1.39	1.42	1.44	1.47	†	†	†	†
-20	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.39	1.42	1.44	1.47	†	†
-10	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.34	1.37	1.39	1.42	1.44	1.47
0	1.24	1.26	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.34	1.37	1.39	1.41
+10	1.21	1.23	1.24	1.26	1.28	1.30	1.32	1.34	1.36
+20	1.17	1.18	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.26	1.28	1.30	1.32
+30	1.14	1.15	1.17	1.18	1.20	1.22	1.24	1.25	1.27
+40	1.12	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.17	1.18	1.20	1.21	1.23
+50	1.09	1.11	1.12	1.13	1.14	1.16	1.17	1.19	1.20

A. † Beyond the normal limits for single stage compressor application.

Table 3: Elevation Correction Factors

Elevation (ft)	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	8,000	10,000	12,000	14,000	16,000
Correction Factor	0.94	0.93	0.90	0.88	0.86	0.83	0.79	0.75	0.71	0.66	0.62

Head Pressure Control Options

FLOODED CONDENSER

The Flooded Condenser Head Pressure Control Option maintains adequate condensing pressure while operating in low ambient temperatures. By flooding the condenser with liquid refrigerant, the amount of coil surface available for condensing is reduced. The resulting reduction in capacity ensures proper operation of the thermal expansion valve.

This option requires a modulating three-way valve, dependent on refrigerant discharge pressure, be placed at the condenser outlet. A fall in ambient temperature causes a corresponding fall in discharge pressure. The valve modulates allowing discharge gas to flow to the receiver, creating a higher pressure at the condenser outlet. This higher pressure reduces the flow out of the condenser, causing liquid refrigerant to back up in the coil. Flooding the condenser reduces the available condensing surface and raises the condensing pressure so that adequate high-side pressure is maintained.

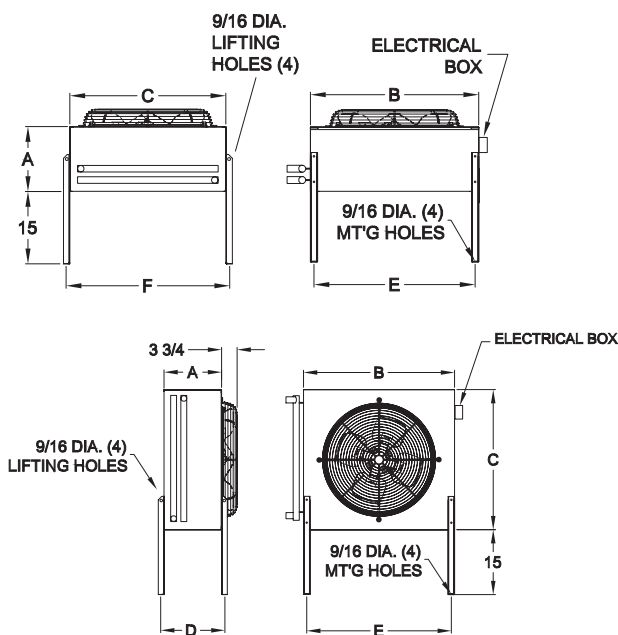
A larger receiver and additional refrigerant are required for systems with flooded condenser control. The receiver can be conveniently installed directly under the condenser in most applications. However, if the system will be operational in ambient temperatures below 55° F, the receiver should be located in a warm environment or heated. In this situation, a check valve must be installed in the line between the receiver and condenser valve. This prevents refrigerant migration from the receiver to the condenser.

The amount of additional refrigerant charge is based on the lowest expected winter operating temperature and the design TD. In addition to the condenser charge, the operating charges of the evaporator, receiver and refrigerant lines must be added to determine the total system refrigerant charge. The pump-down capacity (80% of full capacity) of the receiver must be at least equal to the total system charge.

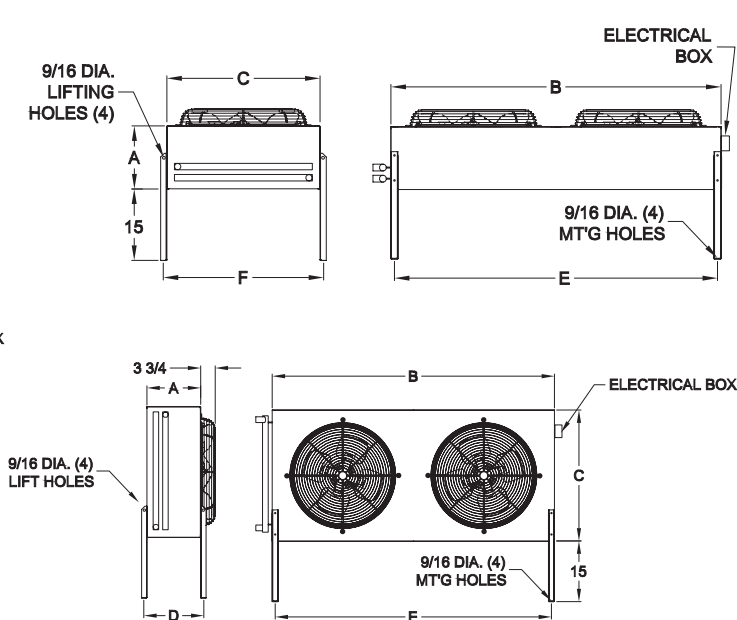
Physical Data

Model Number	Drawing	A	B	C	D	E	F
WDS001*A1	WDS001*C1	1	12-1/2	28	25-9/16	13-3/4	26-13/16
WDS002*A1	WDS002*C1	1	12-1/2	28	25-9/16	13-3/4	26-13/16
WDS003*A1	WDS003*C1	1	14-3/8	33	30-9/16	15-5/8	31-13/16
WDS005*A1	WDS004*C1	1	14-3/8	33	30-9/16	15-5/8	31-13/16
WDS007*A2	WDS006*C2	2	14-3/8	66	30-9/16	15-5/8	31-13/16
WDS009*A2	WDS008*C2	2	14-3/8	66	30-9/16	15-5/8	31-13/16
WDS011*A2	WDS009*C2	2	14-3/8	66	30-9/16	15-5/8	31-13/16

DRAWING - 1 FAN



DRAWING - 2 FAN



Note: All dimensions are in inches.

Small Air Cooled Condensers

Performance Data - 1075 RPM Fan Motors

THR MBH 1°F TD - R407A

Model Number	Fins Per Inch			
	8	10	12	14
WDS001*A1B12A1A	0.67	0.77	0.82	0.95
WDS002*A1B12A1A	1.16	1.26	1.38	1.48
WDS003*A1B12A1A	1.52	1.72	1.89	2.04
WDS005*A1B12A1A	2.18	2.43	2.61	2.75
WDS007*A2B12A1A	3.25	3.69	4.05	4.37
WDS009*A2B12A1A	4.47	4.98	5.34	5.64
WDS011*A2B12A1A	5.37	5.85	6.16	6.52

THR MBH 1°F TD - R404A & R507

Fins Per Inch			
8	10	12	14
0.73	0.84	0.90	1.04
1.17	1.33	1.45	1.57
1.60	1.81	1.99	2.15
2.23	2.48	2.68	2.81
3.42	3.89	4.27	4.60
5.46	5.06	5.45	5.76
5.31	5.79	6.10	6.45

* Each asterisk represents a variable character based upon voltage and vintage ordered. See page 2 for complete nomenclature.

For R-22 capacity, multiply R404A unit capacity by 1.02

For R-407C capacity, multiply R407A capacity by .98

For R-134a capacity multiply R-404A unit capacity by .97

For R-410A capacity, multiply R404A capacity by 1.08

Notes:

- R-407A ratings are based on Mean Condensing Temperature which is the average of the Dew Point and Bubble Point temperatures corresponding to the refrigerant temperature at the condenser inlet.

Specifications - 1075 RPM Fan Motors

Model Number	Fans				Maximum Circuit Quantity	Connection (Inches) [^]	Connection Quantity	Net Weight (Lbs.)	Unit kW
	Quantity	Diameter	CFM	dBA [†]					
WDS001*A1B12A1A	1	18	3,020	47.0	5	7/8	2	80	0.28
WDS002*A1B12A1A	1	18	2,840	47.0	10	7/8	2	86	0.28
WDS003*A1B12A1A	1	22	4,450	57.0	12	7/8	2	107	0.47
WDS005*A1B12A1A	1	22	3,900	57.0	18	7/8	2	116	0.47
WDS007*A2B12A1A	2	22	8,640	60.0	18	1-1/8	2	164	0.94
WDS009*A2B12A1A	2	22	7,780	60.0	27	1-1/8	2	179	0.94
WDS011*A2B12A1A	2	22	7,080	60.0	36	1-1/8	2	195	0.94

Model Number	208-230/1/60			208-230/3/60			460/1/60			460/3/60			575/1/60		
	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD
WDS001*A1B12A1A	3.2	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	1.3	15.0	15	0.9	15.0	15	1.0	15.0	15
WDS002*A1B12A1A	3.2	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	1.3	15.0	15	0.9	15.0	15	1.0	15.0	15
WDS003*A1B12A1A	3.2	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	1.3	15.0	15	0.9	15.0	15	1.0	15.0	15
WDS005*A1B12A1A	3.2	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	1.3	15.0	15	0.9	15.0	15	1.0	15.0	15
WDS007*A2B12A1A	6.4	15.0	15	3.6	15.0	15	2.6	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	2.0	15.0	15
WDS009*A2B12A1A	6.4	15.0	15	3.6	15.0	15	2.6	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	2.0	15.0	15
WDS011*A2B12A1A	6.4	15.0	15	3.6	15.0	15	2.6	15.0	15	1.8	15.0	15	2.0	15.0	15

* Each asterisk represents a variable character based upon voltage and vintage ordered. See page 2 for complete nomenclature.

[†] Sound pressure dBA @ 10 feet.

[^] Standard connection sizes are for no circuit split. Header diameters are one size larger than connection sizes.

Variance from standard operating conditions may result in connection sizes which are different from those listed above.

Performance Data - 850 RPM Fan Motors

THR MBH 1°F TD - R407A

Model Number	Fins Per Inch			
	8	10	12	14
WDS001*C1B12A1A	0.63	0.73	0.81	0.90
WDS002*C1B12A1A	1.05	1.19	1.31	1.41
WDS003*C1B12A1A	1.38	1.57	1.72	1.86
WDS004*C1B12A1A	1.97	2.19	2.35	2.49
WDS006*C2B12A1A	2.97	3.37	3.71	4.00
WDS008*C2B12A1A	4.04	4.50	4.82	5.10
WDS009*C2B12A1A	4.69	5.12	5.39	5.70

THR MBH 1°F TD - R404A & R507

Fins Per Inch			
8	10	12	14
0.68	0.79	0.88	0.97
1.09	1.24	1.36	1.47
1.44	1.63	1.79	1.93
1.97	2.19	2.35	2.49
3.09	3.51	3.86	4.16
4.05	4.51	4.83	5.11
4.53	4.94	5.21	5.50

* Each asterisk represents a variable character based upon voltage and vintage ordered. See page 2 for complete nomenclature.
 For R-22 capacity, multiply R404A unit capacity by 1.02 For R-407C capacity, multiply R407A capacity by .98
 For R-134a capacity multiply R-404A unit capacity by .97 For R-410A capacity, multiply R404A capacity by 1.08

Notes:

- R-407A ratings are based on Mean Condensing Temperature which is the average of the Dew Point and Bubble Point temperatures corresponding to the refrigerant temperature at the condenser inlet.

Specifications - 850 RPM Fan Motors

Model Number	Fans				Maximum Circuit Quantity	Connection (Inches) [^]	Connection Quantity	Net Weight (Lbs.)	Unit kW
	Quantity	Diameter	CFM	dBA [†]					
WDS001*C1B12A1A	1	18	2,470	47.0	5	7/8	2	80	0.11
WDS002*C1B12A1A	1	18	2,110	47.0	10	7/8	2	86	0.11
WDS003*C1B12A1A	1	22	3,290	52.0	12	7/8	2	107	0.20
WDS004*C1B12A1A	1	22	2,880	52.0	18	7/8	2	116	0.20
WDS006*C2B12A1A	2	22	6,390	55.0	18	1-1/8	2	164	0.40
WDS008*C2B12A1A	2	22	5,760	55.0	27	1-1/8	2	179	0.40
WDS009*C2B12A1A	2	22	5,170	55.0	36	1-1/8	2	195	0.40

Model Number	208-230/1/60			208-230/3/60			460/1/60			460/3/60			575/1/60		
	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD	FLA	MCA	MOPD
WDS001*C1B12A1A	1.4	15.0	15	1.1	15.0	15	0.7	15.0	15	0.6	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS002*C1B12A1A	1.4	15.0	15	1.1	15.0	15	0.7	15.0	15	0.6	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS003*C1B12A1A	1.4	15.0	15	1.1	15.0	15	0.7	15.0	15	0.6	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS004*C1B12A1A	1.4	15.0	15	1.1	15.0	15	0.7	15.0	15	0.6	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS006*C2B12A1A	2.8	15.0	15	2.2	15.0	15	1.4	15.0	15	1.2	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS008*C2B12A1A	2.8	15.0	15	2.2	15.0	15	1.4	15.0	15	1.2	15.0	15	-	-	-
WDS009*C2B12A1A	2.8	15.0	15	2.2	15.0	15	1.4	15.0	15	1.2	15.0	15	-	-	-

* Each asterisk represents a variable character based upon voltage and vintage ordered. See page 2 for complete nomenclature.

[†] Sound pressure dBA @ 10 feet.

[^] Standard connection sizes are for no circuit split. Header diameters are one size larger than connection sizes.

- Not available in 575V.

Variance from standard operating conditions may result in connection sizes which are different from those listed above.

Due to continuing product development, specifications are subject to change without notice.

